
F₁

*

(/ / : / / :)

F₁

(N_e)

(Str591,73, 58)

GeneMapper

F₁

N_e

FAP

(P< /)

/ /

N_e

Salmo trutta caspius

:

(Horreo *et al.*, 2008)

(Microsatellite)

(Jackson *et al.*, 2003)

)

(

Machado-)

(Schiaffino *et al.*, 2007)

- (Effective Population Size)

N_e (Primack, 1998)

(Codominant)

(Total number of breeders)

(Castro *et al.*, 2007)

(Mixed milt fertilization)

N_b

Frost *et al.*,) *Lates calarifer*

Porta *et al.*) *Solea senegalensis* (2006)

(Brown *et al.*, 2005)

Salmo salar (al., 2006)

(Horreo *et al.*, 2008)

F_1

Frost *et al.*, 2006; Machado-)

(Schiaffino *et al.*, 2007)

(Milt volume)

(Horreo *et al.*, 2008)

Salmo trutta caspius

Salmo trutta

Wedekind

Kaspar)

(

DNA

IUCN

(Jalali and Mojazi Amiri, 2009)

/ ± / cm)

/ ± / cm)

(± / gr

(/ ± gr

) ()

.(Sourinejad *et al.*, 2010)

(

()

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(% /

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.(Sourinejad *et al.*, 2010)

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♀ × ♂
♀ × ♂
♀ × ♂

/ mM MgCl₂ X PCR buffer

/ U Taq DNA polymerase

()

(Sambrook *et al.*, 1989)

() (MJ research PTC-100)

DNA

DNA

ABI PRISM[®] 3730

(Applied Biosystems)

(Unique alleles)

Str

Str

Str

GeneMapper

DNA

μM

dNTP

/ μM

(°C)			
	U43692	5'-AGGTGGGTCCTCCAAGCTAC-3'	Ssa
		5'-ACCCGCTCCTCACTTAATC-3'	
		5'-CGGTGTGCTTGTCAGGTTTC-3'	Str
		5'-GTCAAGTCAGCAAGCCTCAC-3'	
	(Estoup <i>et al.</i> , 1996)	5'-TGCAGGCAGACGGATCAGGC-3'	Str
		5'-AATCCTCTACGTAAGGGATTTGC-3'	
		5'-CCTGGAGATCCTCCAGCAGGA-3'	Str
		5'-CTATTCTGCTTGTAAGTACTAGACCTA-3'	
	U60223	5'-AACAAATGACTTTCTCTGAC-3'	Str
		5'-AAGGACTTGAAGGACGAC-3'	
		5'-GGAAGGAAGGGAGAAAGGT-3'	Str
	Presa and)	5'-GGAAAATCAATACTAACA-3'	
	(Guyomard, 1996	5'-ATTCTTCGGCTTTCTCTTGC-3'	Str
		5'-ATCTGGTCAGTTTCTTTATG-3'	
		5'-CTGGTGGCAGGATTTGA-3'	Str
		5'-CACTGTCTTTCGTTCTT-3'	
	Z49134	5'-GACAACACACAACCAAGGCAC-3'	SsoSI
		5'-TTATGCTAGGTCTTTATGCATTGT-3'	

DNA

() PCR

(Kalinowski *et al.*, 2007)

(Excl1) N.A.¹)
 (Excl2) Ho³ He²
 - (PIC⁴)
 (NU.)
 (CPE⁵) Cervus
 B A Excl2 Excl1

(Vandeputte *et al.*, 2004)

¹ Number of alleles

² Expected Heterozygosity

³ Observed Heterozygosity

⁴ Polymorphic Information Content

⁵ Combined Probability of Exclusion

...

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\text{Excl}}{\text{PE}^6} \right)}{\left(\frac{\text{Excl}}{\text{PE}^6} \right)} \pm /$$

$$\pm / \quad \text{PE} \quad \text{=CPE}$$

(Taggart, 2007) / FAP

N.A.

$$\frac{\text{Str} \cdot \text{Ho} \cdot \left(\frac{\text{Str}}{\text{Str}} \right)}{\text{Str} / \text{Str} / \text{Str} / \text{He}} \cdot \frac{\text{Str}}{\text{Str} / \text{Str} / \text{Str} / \text{He}} \cdot \frac{\text{Kd} \cdot \text{Ks} \cdot \text{C} \cdot \text{N}_e}{\text{n}}$$

(Vandeputte *et al.*, 2004)

$$\text{N}_e = \left(\frac{\text{Excl}}{\text{PE}^6} \right) / \left(\frac{\text{Excl}}{\text{PE}^6} \right) + \left(\frac{\text{Excl}}{\text{PE}^6} \right) / \left(\frac{\text{Excl}}{\text{PE}^6} \right)$$

T-test

(Horreo *et al.*, 2008)

$$\frac{(\text{Excl2}) / (\text{Excl1})}{(\text{Excl2}) / (\text{Excl1})}$$

N_b N_e

%

$$\pm /$$

$$\pm /$$

⁶ Probability of Exclusion
⁷ Exclusion

CERVUS

NU.	Excl2	Excl1	PIC	He	Ho	N.A.	
/	/	/	/	/	/		Str
/	/	/	/	/			*Str
							Str
/	/	/	/	/	/		*Str
/	/	/	/	/	/		Str
/	/	/	/	/	/		Ssa
/	/	/	/	/	/		SsoSl
/	/	/	/	/	/		Str
/	/	/	/	/	/		*Str
			/	/	/	/	
			/	/	/		

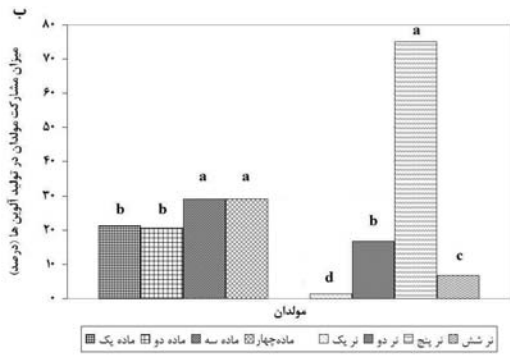
Ho He N.A.
 . NU. PIC

N _b		N _e				
N _b	N _e	()				
/	/	/	/	/	/	/
/						
/	/	/	/	/	/	/
/						

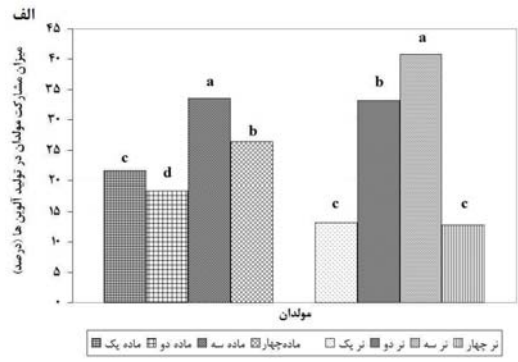
(P < / x² = /)
 (x² = /)

(P < / x² = /)
 (x² = /)

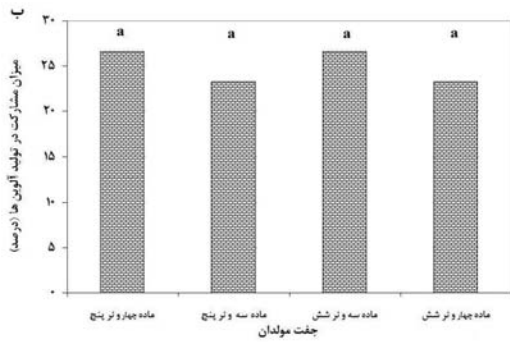
() () (/) (/)



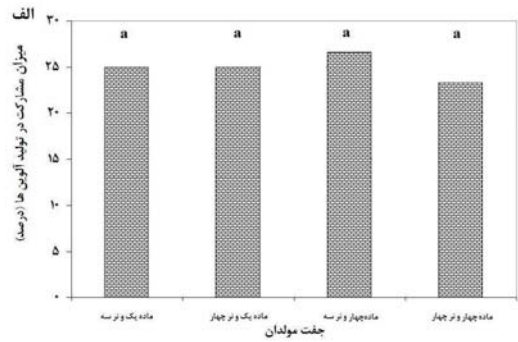
() ()



) (



() ()



$$(x^2 = /)$$

$$(x^2 = /)$$

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$$(x^2 = /)$$

$$(x^2 = /)$$

$$(x^2 = /)$$

$$(x^2 = /)$$

$$(x^2 = /)$$

$$(x^2 = /)$$

$$(x^2 = /)$$

$$(P < / \quad x^2 = /)$$

$$(x^2 = /)$$

Vandeputte

/

Kim

/

Pleuronectes

herzensteini

Str

Str

N.A.

Str

N.A.

Str

Str

Str

PIC Ho He .

(Unique alleles)

Str

Ho He .

Str

N.A.

Str

Str

Str

PIC

Str

(Excl2) /

Sekino Hara

Ribeiro

Castro)

.(Fernandez Martinez

FAP

/

...

		Str		Str		Str			
Al.	Br.	Al.	Br.	Al.	Br.	Al.	Br.		
	/								
/	/							N.A	
/	/								
b /	± /	a /	/	/	/	/	/		
a /	± /	a /	/	/	/	/	/		
b /	± /	a /	/	/	/	/	/	He	
a /	± /	a /	/	/	/	/	/		
b /	± /	a /	/	/	/	/	/		
a /	± /	a /	/	/	/	/	/	Ho	
b /	± /	a /	/	/	/	/	/		
a /	± /	a /	/	/	/	/	/		
b /	± /	a /	/	/	/	/	/		
a /	± /	a /	/	/	/	/	/	PIC	
b /	± /	a /	/	/	/	/	/		
a /	± /	a /	/	/	/	/	/		
b /	± /	a /	/	/	/	/	/		
a /	± /	a /	/	/	/	/	/		

PIC

Ho He

N.A.*

/

/ N_e/N_b

Bekkevold

Brown

N_e/N_b

/

N_e/N_b

/ x^2

(Frost *et al.*, 2006)

Sperm)

(competition

(Campton, 2004; Wedekind *et al.*, 2007)

Wedekind
Coregonus zugensis

N_e/N_b

Sourinejad *et al.*,

$N_e/N_b = 1$ 2010

N_e/N_b

Wedekind

Kaspar

N_e

N_e

N_e

(Porta *et al.*, 2006)

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Effect of Milt Volume Equalization in Mixed Milt Fertilization of Caspian Brown Trout *Salmo Trutta Caspius* on Genetic Contribution of Breeders to F1 Progeny

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Abstract

Due to importance of genetic contribution of all broodstocks in artificial propagation of Caspian brown trout *Salmo trutta caspius* for increasing gene pool in future progeny, effects of milt volume equalization of broodstocks in mixed milt fertilization were assessed. (N_e) was calculated through equal gamete mating of four male and female breeders in two treatments. Assessment of genetic contribution were carried out by polymerase chain reaction using three polymorphic unique allele microsatellite loci (Str 591, 73, 58). Parental and progeny genotype were determined by automated ABI PRISM sequencer system and alleles were scored by using Gene Mapper software. Pedigree tracing was performed in the basis of exclusion method in FAP program using three polymorphic microsatellite loci in breeders. N_e was calculated as 0.84 and 0.51 in the first and second treatment, respectively which subsequently reduced genetic diversity in alevins significantly ($P < 0.05$). Equalization of milt volume and ova number not only did not result in balanced contribution of breeders, but also produced large variations in contribution to progeny, especially among males. Final results confirmed that real increasing of N_e in artificial breeding of Caspian trout breeders needs serious modifications in fertilization design of breeders in artificial breeding centers in Iran.

Keywords: Effective population size, Milt volume, Microsatellite, *Salmo trutta caspius*